

SQ2 Series

Submersible Stainless Steel Wastewater Pumps

with Vortex Impeller

OPERATION MANUAL

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for selecting the Tsurumi SQ2 Submersible Stainless Steel Wastewater Pumps. This equipment should not be used for applications other than those listed in this manual. Failure to observe this precaution may lead to a malfunction or an accident. In the event of a malfunction or an accident, the manufacturer will not assume any liability. After reading this Operation Manual, keep it in a location that is easily accessible, so that it can be referred to whenever information is needed while operating the equipment.

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TSURUMI MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

1 BE SURE TO READ FOR YOUR SAFETY

Be sure to thoroughly read and understand the SAFETY PRECAUTIONS given in this section before using the equipment in order to operate the equipment correctly.

The precautionary measures described in this section are intended to prevent danger or damage to you or to others. The contents of this manual that could possibly be performed improperly are classified into two categories: **AWARNING**, and **CAUTION**. The categories indicate the extent of possible damage or the urgency of the precaution. Note however, that what is included under **CAUTION** may at times lead to a more serious problem. In either case, the categories pertain to safety-related items, and as such, must be observed carefully.

- CAUTION : Operating the equipment improperly by failing to observe this precaution may possibly cause injury to humans and other physical damage.
- NOTE : Gives information that does not fall in the WARNING or CAUTION categories.
- Explanation of Symbols:
 - : The △ mark indicates a WARNING or CAUTION item. The symbol inside the mark describes the precaution in more detail ("electrical shock", in the case of the example on the left).
 - The \bigcirc mark indicates a prohibited action. The symbol inside the mark, or a notation in the vicinity of the mark describes the precaution in more detail ("disassembly prohibited", in the case of the example on the left).
 - The
 mark indicates an action that must be taken, or instructs how to perform a task. The symbol inside the mark describes the precaution in more detail ("provide ground work", in the case of the example on the left).

PRECAUTIONS TO THE PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Do not operate the product under any conditions other than those for which it is specified. Failure to observe the precaution can lead to electrical leakage, electrical shock, fire, water overflow or other problems.



PRECAUTIONS DURING TRANSPORT AND INSTALLTION



•Use an appropriate lifting equipment to lift the unit. Improper lifting may result in the fall of the product which could cause damage of the product or human injury.





•Install the product properly in accordance with this instruction manual. Improper installation may result in electrical leakage, electrical shock, fire, water leakage, or injury.



Delectrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable regulations in your country. Absolutely provide a dedicated earth leakage circuit breaker and a thermal overload relay suitable for the product (available on the market). Imperfect wiring or improper protective equipment can lead to electrical leakage, fire, or explosion in the worst case.



Provide a secure grounding dedicated for the product. Never fail to provide an earth leakage circuit breaker and a thermal overload relay in your starter or control panel (Both available on the market). If an electrical leakage occurs due to a product failure, it may cause electrical shock.



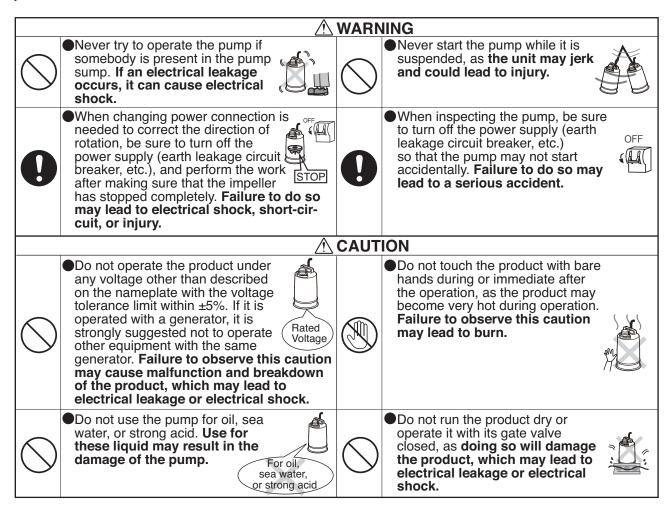
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Ouse a power outlet that has a sufficient rating and has been exclusively provided for the pump. If the power outlet is shared with other equipment, it can lead to an abnormal heat of the outlet and can cause fire as a result.

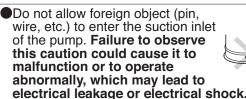


	↑ CAUTION		
•	Be sure to provide a ground wire securely. Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightening rod, or telephone ground wire. Improper grounding could cause electrical shock.		●Prevent a metallic object or dust from sticking to the power plug. Adhesion of foreign object to the plug could cause electrical shock, short-circuit, or fire.
	●Do not scratch, fold, twist, make alterations, or bundle the cable, or use it as a lifting device. The cable may be damaged, which may cause electrical leakage, short-circuit, electrical shock, or fire.	0	●Do not use the cabtyre cable, power plug, or power outlet if it is damaged or it is not closely fitted. Connect every conductor of the cabtyre cable securely to the terminals. Failure to observe this can lead to electrical shock, short-circuit, or fire.
0	●Install the discharge pipe securely so that no water leakage may occur. In addition, It is suggested to provide a stand-by pump in case of flooding. Failure to do so may result in damage to nearby walls, floors, and other equipment.	0	●When the product will be carried by hand, decide the number of persons considering the mass of the product. When lifting up the product, do not attempt to do it by simply bowing from the waist. Use the knees, too, to protect your back.
\bigcirc	●This pump is neither dust-proof nor explosion-proof. Do not use it at a dusty place or at a place where toxic, corrosive or explosive gas is present. Use in such places could cause fire or explosion.	\bigcirc	●If a hose is used for the discharge line, take a measure to prevent the hose from shaking. If the hose shakes, you may be wet or injured.

PRECAUTIONS DURING TEST OPERATION AND OPERATION



Do not use the product for hot or warm liquid over 40°C, as doing so will damage the product, which may lead to electrical leakage or electrical shock. Do not allow foreign object (pin,





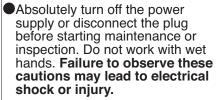
⚠ CAUTION

When the product will not be used for an extended period, be sure to turn off the power supply (earth leakage circuit breaker, etc.). Deterioration of the insulation may lead to electrical leakage, electrical shock, or fire.



PRECAUTIONS DURING MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

WARNING





In case any abnormality (excessive) vibration, unusual noise or odor) is found in the operation, turn the power off immediately and consult with the dealer where it was purchased or Tsurumi representative. Continuing to operate the product under abnormal conditions may result in electrical shock, fire, or water leakage.



Do not disassemble or repair any parts other than those designated in the operation manual. If repairs are necessary in any other than the designated parts, consult with the dealer where it was purchased or Tsurumi representative. Improper repairs can result in electrical leakage, electrical shock, fire, or water leakage.







⚠ CAUTION



After reassembly, always perform a test operation before resuming use of the product. Improper assembly can result in electrical leakage, electrical shock, fire, or water leakage.



PRECAUTION TO POWER OUTAGE

⚠ WARNING



In case of power outage, turn off the power supply. The product will resume operation when the power is restored, which presents serious danger to people in the vicinity.



OTHER PRECAUTION

⚠ CAUTION



Never use the product for potable water. It may present a danger to human health.



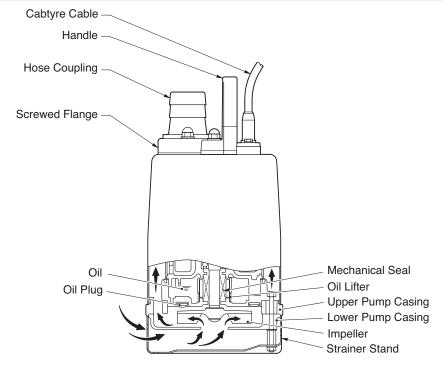
⚠ CAUTION



- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduceed physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- ●If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- Pollution of the liquid could occur due to leakage of lubricants.
- ●The pump must be supplied through a residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30 mA.

2 PART NAMES

Example



3 PRIOR TO OPERATION

After unpacking, verify the contents.

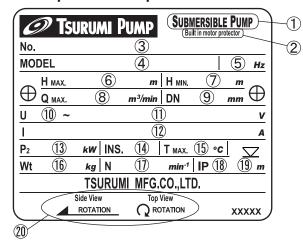
Product Inspection

Inspect the product for damage during shipment, and make sure all bolts and nuts are tightened properly.

Specification Check

Check the nameplate of the unit to verify that it is the product that you have ordered. Pay particular attention to its voltage and frequency specifications.

■ Example of nameplate



1	Submersible pump	11	Rated voltage
2	Built in motor protector	12	Rated current
3	Serial number	13	Rated output power
4	Model	14	Insulation class
5	Frequency	15	Max. liquid temperature
6	Max. total head	16	Weight without cable
7	Min. total head	17	Speed of rotation
8	Max. flow rate	18	IP degree of protection
9	Discharge bore	19	Max. immersion depth
10	Phase	20	Direction of rotation

Note: If you discover any damage or discrepancy, please contact with the Tsurumi dealer from whom you purchased the product or the nearest Tsurumi representative office.

Accessory Check

Verify that all accessory items are included in the package.

Operation Manual1

Note: If you discover any damage or discrepancy in the product, please contact the dealer where this equipment was purchased or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

Product Specifications

CAUTION

Do not operate this product under any conditions other than those that have been specified. Failure to observe this precaution can lead to electrical shock, electrical leakage, fire, water leakage or other problems.

Major Standard Specifications

		1	
Fluid	Property	Waste water and Other Liquids ; 0 ~ 40°C	
	Impeller	Vortex type	
Pump	Shaft Seal	Double Mechanical Seal	
	Bearing	Shielded Ball Bearing	
	Specifications	Dry type Submersible Induction Motor, 2-Pole	
	Insulation	Class E	
Motor	Protection System (built-in)	Miniature Protector (Single-Phase) Circle Thermal Protector (Three-Phase)	
	Lubricant	Liquid Paraffin VG32	
Discharge Connection		Hose Coupling	

INSTALLATION



- Do not use the pump for pumping liquids other than water, such as oil, salt water, or organic solvents.
- Use with a power supply voltage tolerance within ± 5% of the rated voltage.
- The water temperature for operating the pump should be between 0 ~ 40°C. Failure to observe the precautions given above could cause the pump to malfunction, which may lead to current leakage or electrical shock.

Note: To use the pump for a special solution, contact the dealer where it was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

■ Maximum Allowable Pressure

CAUTION Do not operate the pump in an area that is exposed to a water pressure that exceeds the values given below.

Maximum Allowable Pressure	0.2MPa (2kgf/cm²) - discharge pressure during use
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Preparation for Installation

■ Single-phase power supply:

Use a megger to measure the resistance between the tip of the cabtyre cable plug and the ground terminal to verify the insulation resistance of the motor.

(This drawing shows a 2-pin plug type.)



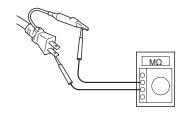
Beware that the power plug varies by country or region.

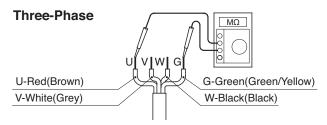
■ Three-phase power supply:

Use a megger to measure the resistance between each core of the cabtyre cable and the (green) ground wire to verify the insulation resistance of the motor.

> Insulation resistance reference value = 20MΩminimum

Single-Phase





Note: The insulation resistance reference value of 20M Ω minimum is based on a new or repaired pump. For reference values of a pump that has already been put into operation, refer to section "7. Maintenance and Inspection" of this manual.

Precautions During Installation

WARNING

When installing the pump, be mindful of the pump's center of gravity and weight. If the pump is not suspended properly, the pump may fall and break, which may lead to injury.

ACAUTION

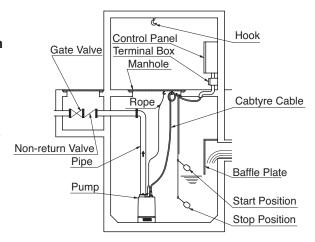
When installing or moving the pump, never suspend the pump by the cabtyre cable. Doing so will damage the cable, which may cause a current leakage, electrical shock, or fire.

Refer to the installation examples illustrated below and pay attention to the points described below to install the pump.

ACAUTION

During piping work if the welding sparks, paint, or concrete come in contact with the pump, they could cause the pump to malfunction, which may lead to current leakage or electrical shock.

- (1) When transporting or installing the pump, do not kink the cabtyre cable or use it in place of a rope.
- (2) With the cabtyre cable lifted slightly, secure it to the hook (a hook must be prepared in advance by placing it on the frame of a manhole or the like).



ACAUTION

Do not operate the pump with the cabtyre cable dangling. Failure to observe this precaution may cause the cabtyre cable to become wrapped around the impeller, which could cut the cable, break the impeller, or cause flooding, which may lead to current leakage or electrical shock.

- (3) Install the pump on a horizontal and rigid surface such as concrete, in an area that is free from turbulence and does not cause the pump to take air in.
- (4) The area near the inlet of a water tank is susceptible to turbulence or allows the pump to take air in; therefore, place the pump and the float switch away from the inlet or install a baffle plate.
- (5) Properly perform piping work so as not to create any air pockets in the middle of piping.

ACAUTION

With automatic control, the sewage water in the pipe could flow backwards, causing the water surface control to react immediately. As a result, the pump will operate ON/OFF repeatedly, which could cause the pump to malfunction.

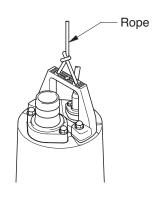
(6) Install a non-return valve if the pump tank is deep, or if the vertical head or the lateral distance is long.

Attaching a Rope to Suspend the Pump

Refer to the illustration on the right in order to suspend the pump by a rope.

ACAUTION

Make sure that the rope does not become twisted during installation. Failure to observe this precaution could cause the rope to break and the pump to fall and break, which could lead to injury.



■ Connecting a Hose

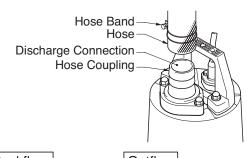
- (1) When a hose is used, attach the hose to the hose coupling as far as it will go, then fasten it securely with a hose band.
- (2) Operate the pump in a location that has a sufficient water level and collects water easily.

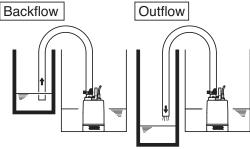
Note: For the water level required for operating the pump, refer to the external dimension drawing, which is provided separately.

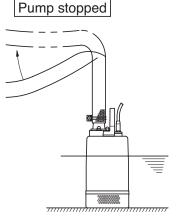
> Extend the end of the hose (discharge side) above the water surface. If the end of the hose is submerged in water, it may cause the water to flow back when the pump has been stopped. Conversely, if the end of the hose is located at a level that is lower than the source water surface, water may continue to flow out even after the pump has been stopped.

(3) Route the hose as straight as possible. Excessive bending of the hose could obstruct the flow of water, reduce the pumping volume, or clog the pump with mud, thus disabling the pumping function.

If the hose is kinked at its base, it will create air pockets in the pump, making the pump operate dry. To prevent this from occurring, straighten the bend while operating the pump.







CAUTION If the pump draws in a large amount of mud, it could cause the pump to wear prematurely and lead to a malfunction, current leakage, and electrical shock.

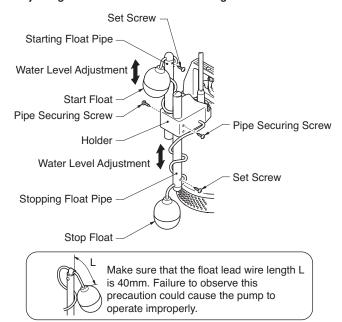
(4) Operate the pump upright. If there is the likelihood of the pump drawing in excess mud, place a concrete block under the pump.

Installing the Float (automatic type only)

Insert the float pipe into the holder and use a Phillips screwdriver to tighten the set screws. Adjust the floats as follows:

- (1) To set the starting and stopping water levels, loosen the pipe set screw and adjust the height of the starting float pipe and the stopping float pipe.
- (2) After completing the adjustment, tighten the set screws to secure both the starting float pipe and the stopping float pipe.
 - To prevent improper operation, face each float outward.

Adjusting the start float to set the starting water level as desired:



ELECTRICAL WIRING

Electrical Wiring Work

WARNING

- · All electrical work must be performed by an authorized electrician, in compliance with local electrical equipment standards and internal wiring codes. Never allow an unauthorized person to perform electrical work because it is not only against the law, but it can also be extremely dangerous.
- · Improper wiring can lead to current leakage, electrical shock, or fire.
- · Absolutely provide a dedicated earth leakage circuit breaker and a thermal overload relay suitable for the pump (available on the market). Failure to follow this warning can cause electrical shock or explosion when the product fails or an electrical leakage occurs.

Operate well within the capacity of the power supply and wiring.

Grounding

WARNING

Be sure to install the ground wire securely. Failure to observe this precaution could damage the pump and cause current leakage, which may lead to electrical shock.

CAUTION

Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or telephone ground wire. Improper grounding could cause electrical shock.

Connecting the Power Plug

WARNING Before inserting the power plug or connecting the wires to the terminal board, make sure that the power supply (i.e. circuit breaker) is properly disconnected. Failure to do so may lead to electrical shock, short, or injury caused by the unintended starting of the pump.

ACAUTION

Do not use damaged cabtyre cables, power plugs, or loose power outlets. Failure to observe this precaution could lead to electrical shock, short circuit,

Follow the diagram on the right to connect the power.

When using a three-prong grounded plug, connect as shown in the drawing.

CAUTION

Be sure to use a dedicated power supply with a ground leakage circuit breaker.

(This drawing shows a 2-pin plug type.)

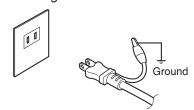
ACAUTION

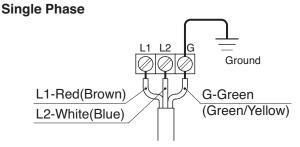
Beware that the power plug varies by country or region.

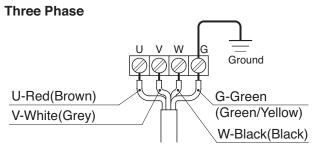
Note: The shape of the plug may differ from that shown in the illustration.

When a single-phase power source is used, connect the leads to the control panel terminals as shown in the diagram, making sure they do not become twisted together.

When a three-phase power source is used, connect the leads to the control panel terminals as shown in the diagram, making sure they do not become twisted together.







Motor Protector

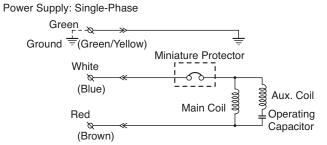
The pump is equipped with an internal motor protector. (Circle Thermal Protector / Miniature Protector) If a current overload or overheating occurs under the symptoms given below, the motor will stop automatically to protect the motor regardless of the water level at the time of operation. In this type of motor protector, the motor will automatically restart after cooling down. If the motor is stopped by protector tripping, turn off the power supply first, and disconnect the cables from the power terminals. After this, make sure to eliminate the cause of the problem, such as the following:

- Extreme fluctuation of power supply voltage
- · Pump operated under overload condition
- Pump operated at open phase or binding condition

WARNING If repair or maintenance is attempted with cables connected to power supply, unintended automatic restarting of the motor may cause human injury.

Electrical Circuit Diagrams

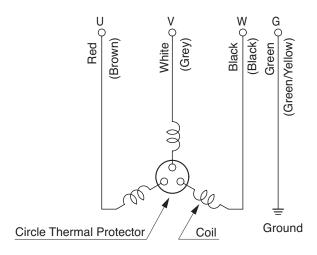
■ Non-Automatic Circuit



■ Non-Automatic Circuit

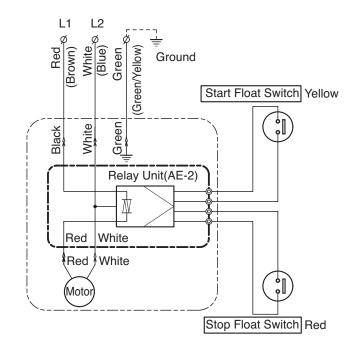
Direct-on-line

Power Supply: Three-Phase



■ Automatic Operation Circuit

Power Supply: Single-Phase



OPERATION

Prior to Operation

(1) Once again, check the nameplate of the pump to verify that its voltage and frequency are correct.

/!\CAUTION

Improper voltage and frequency of the power supply will prevent the pump from attaining its full potential, and may also damage the pump.

Note: Verify the specs on the pump's nameplate.

(2) Check the wiring, power supply voltage, the capacity of the ground leakage circuit breaker, and the insulation resistance of the motor.

Insulation resistance reference value = $20M\Omega$ minimum

Note: The insulation resistance reference value of 20M Ω minimum is based on a new or repaired pump. For reference values of a pump that has already been put into operation, refer to section "7. Maintenance and Inspection".

(3) Adjust the setting of the thermal relay (i.e. 3E relay) to the pump's rated current.

Note: Verify the rated current on the pump's nameplate.

6-1 NON-AUTOMATIC OPERATION

Trial Operation

WARNING Never start the pump while it is suspended, as the pump may jerk and cause a serious accident involving injury.

(1) Operate the pump for a short time (1 to 2 seconds) and verify the direction of the rotation of the impeller. Observe the pump unit from above, and if its recoil is in the counterclockwise direction, the direction of its rotation is correct.

CAUTION

Make sure to check the pump's direction of rotation with the pump exposed to the atmosphere. Operating the pump in reverse while it is submerged in water will damage the pump, which may lead to current leakage and electrical

(2) [three-phase models] To reverse the rotation, the following countermeasures must be taken.

WARNING Before changing the connections for reverse rotation, make sure that the power supply (i.e. circuit breaker) is properly disconnected and that the impeller has stopped completely. Failure to observe this may lead to electrical shock, short, or injury.

COUNTERMEASURE

Direct-on-line starting

Interchange any two of the three wires designated U, V, and W,

Note: [single-phase models] If the pump dose not rotate correctly, please contact the store where you purchased this machine or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

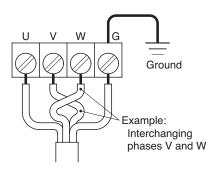
(3) Connect the pump to the pipe and submerge it in water.

(4) Operate the pump for a short time (3 to 10 minutes) and perform the following checks:

Using an AC ammeter (clamp), measure the operating current at the phases U, V, and W that are connected to the terminal board.

COUNTERMEASURE

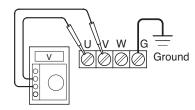
Because an overload condition may be present at the pump motor if the operating current exceeds the rated current, follow the instructions in section "4. Installation" to operate the pump in the correct manner.



Ground

Using an AC voltmeter (tester), measure the voltage at the terminal board.

Power supply voltage tolerance = within ± 5 % of the rated voltage



COUNTERMEASURE

If the power supply voltage deviates from the variation value, the cause of the deviation may be the capacity of the power supply or the extension cable that is used. Refer to section "5. Electrical Wiring" to operate the pump in the correct manner.

CAUTION

In case the pump exhibits an abnormal condition (such as a considerable amount of vibration, noise, or smell), disconnect the power supply immediately and contact the dealer where you purchased the equipment, or Tsurumi's sales office in your area. If the pump continues to be used in the abnormal state, it may cause current leakage, electrical shock, or fire.

(5) Proceed with the normal operation if no abnormal conditions are found during the trial operation.

Operation

WARNING The pump unit may be extremely hot during operation. To prevent burns, do not touch the pump unit with bare hands during or after the operation.

Pay attention to the water level during the pump operation. The pump will become damaged if it is allowed to operate dry.

Due to an overload operation or a pump malfunction, if the motor protector trips to stop the pump, make sure to eliminate the cause of the problem before restarting.

To operate a submersible pump (including automatic operation), set the water level so that the pump will operate about 10 times per hour.

Note: A large amount of amperage flows when a submergible pump is started, causing the temperature of its windings to rise rapidly. Beware that a frequent stop-and-go operation of the pump will accelerate the deterioration of the insulation of the motor windings and thus affect the use life of the motor.

Operating Water Level

!\CAUTION

Do not operate the pump at the lowest water level longer than 30 minutes, as it could damage the pump, causing current leakage and electrical shock (15 minutes maximum on the models with 1.5kW power output). For details on the lowest water level, refer to the dimension drawing, which is provided separately.

6-2 Automatic Operation

Trial Operation

Equipped with floats to detect the water level and an internal control circuit, the automatic type (SQA2) pump can perform an automatic drainage operation alone by merely connecting its cable to a power supply. Connect the power and perform a trial operation as follows:

- (1) Direct all the floats downward.
- (2) First raise the (red) stop float, then the (yellow) start float. This will cause the pump to start.
- (3) Next, return the (yellow) start float, and then the (red) stop float to their original positions. This will cause the pump to stop.
- (4) Perform steps (2) and (3) consecutively two or more times to verify the operation.

Note: Allow the pump to operate a minimum of 2 seconds for each trial operation $(1) \sim (4)$.

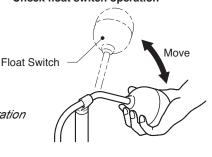
The trial operation (1) \sim (4) must be completed within 1 minute.

(5) Conduct the trial operation (1) \sim (5) described in Section 6-1 NON-AUTOMATIC OPERATION.



In case the pump exhibits an abnormal condition (such as a considerable amount of vibration, noise, or smell), disconnect the power supply immediately and contact the dealer where you purchased the equipment, or Tsurumi's sales office in your area. If the pump continues to be used in the abnormal state, it may cause current leakage, electrical shock, or fire.





MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Regular maintenance and inspection are indispensable to maintaining the pump's performance. If the pump behaves differently from its normal operating condition, refer to section "9. Troubleshooting" and take appropriate measures at an early stage. We also recommend that you have a spare pump on hand for an emergency.

Prior to Inspection

WARNING Make sure that the power supply (i.e. circuit breaker) is disconnected and disconnect the cabtyre cable from the power outlet or remove it from the terminal board. Failure to do so may cause electrical shock or unintended starting of the pump, which may lead to serious accidents.

- (1) Washing the Pump Remove any debris attached to the pump's outer surface, and wash the pump with tap water. Pay particular attention to the impeller area, and completely remove any debris from the impeller.
- (2) Inspecting the Pump Exterior Verify that there is no damage, and that the bolts and nuts have not loosened.

Note: If the pump must be disassembled for repair due to damage or loose bolts or nuts, contact the dealer where it was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

Daily and Periodic Inspection

Interval	Inspection Item		
Daily	Measuring the operating current Measuring the power voltage ■ To be within the rated current ■ Power supply voltage tolerance = within ± 5% of the rated voltage		
Monthly	Measuring the insulation resistance Insulation resistance reference value = 1MΩ minimum [NOTE] The motor must be inspected if the insulation resistance is considerably lower than the last inspection.		
Half-yearly	Inspection of liffting Replace if damage, corrosion, or wear has occurred to the rope. rope Remove if foreign object is attaching to it.		
Yearly	Inspecting oil ■3,000 hours or 12 months, whichever comes first		
Once every 2 years	Changing oil ■4,500 hours or 24 months, whichever comes first Changing the mechanical seal [NOTE] The inspection and replacement of the mechanical seal requires specialized equipment. To have this operation performed, contact the dealer where this equipment was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.		
Once every 2 to 5 years	Overhaul The pump must be overhauled even if the pump appears normal during operation. Especially, the pump may need to be overhauled earlier if it is used continuously. [NOTE] To overhaul the pump, contact the dealer where it was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.		

Note: Refer to section "Oil Inspection and Change Procedures" below for further detail.

Note: In case the pumping liquid contains oil, paint, or slurry, it may cause the swelling of cable jacket or abrasion of the mechanical seal's sealing face, which will result in the pump fault, it is strongly recommended to inspect earlier.

Storage

If the pump will not be operated for a long period of time, pull the pump up, wash the pump, allow it to dry, and store it indoors.

Note: For reinstallation, be sure to perform a trial operation before putting the pump into operation.

If the pump remains immersed in water, operate it on a regular basis (i.e. once a week).

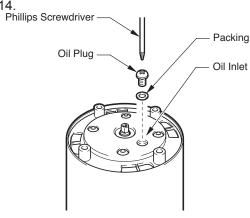
Oil Inspection and Changing Procedures

For disassembly of the pump section, see Disassembly Procedure in 8 DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY PROCEDURE on page 14.

CAUTION

The pump must be turned upside down to remove the oil plug, which could cause the pump to fall. Take appropriate measures to prevent the pump from falling down, such as securing it in place.

Remove the oil plug and take out a small amount of oil. The oil can be extracted by tilting the pump so that the oil plug faces downward. If the oil appears milky or intermixed with water, a likely cause is a defective shaft sealing device (i.e. mechanical seal), which requires that the pump be disassembled and repaired.



Specified Oil: Liquid Paraffin VG32

Applicable Model

Unit: $m\ell$ Specified <u>Volume</u> Model with 0.25 ~ 0.75kW power output 240

Changing Oil

Remove the oil plug and drain the oil completely. Pour a specified volume of oil into the oil filler inlet.

Note: The drained oil must be disposed of properly to prevent it from being released into the sewer or rivers. The packing or the O-ring for the oil plug must be replaced with a new part at each oil inspection and change.

8

DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

■ Prior to Disassembly and Reassembly

WARNING

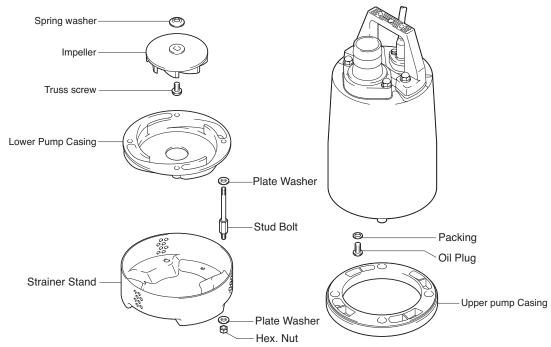
Before disassembling and reassembling the pump, be sure that the power supply (i.e. circuit breaker) is disconnected, and remove the cabtyre cable from the outlet or the terminal board. Do not connect or disconnect the power plug with a wet hand, in order to prevent electrical shock. Do not perform an activation test (to check the rotation of the impeller) during disassembly and reassembly. Failure to observe this precaution could lead to a serious accident, including injury.

This section explains the disassembly and reassembly processes that are involved up to the replacement of the impeller itself. Operations involving the disassembly and reassembly of the sealing portion (i.e. mechanical seal) and of the motor require a specialized facility including vacuum and electrical test equipment. For these operations, contact the dealer where this equipment was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

Disassembly Procedure

- (1) Remove the Hex.nut and plate washer at the bottom of the strainer stand, and remove the strainer stand. Remove the stud bolt and remove the lower pump casing.
- (2) Remove the truss screw and remove the impeller and the spring washer.
- (3) Remove the upper pump casing.

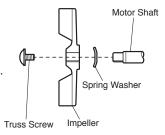
Disassembly Diagram



Reassembly Procedure

Observe the precautions given below and reassemble the unit in the reverse order of disassembly.

- (1) Thoroughly wash all parts before reassembly.
- (2) Make sure that the packing is securely fitted.
- (3) Pay attention to the Spring Washer installation direction.



[Assembly direction of spring washer]

9 TROUBLESHOOTING

WARNING To prevent serious accidents, disconnect the power supply before inspecting the pump.

Read this Operation Manual carefully before requesting repair. After re-inspecting the pump, if it does not operate normally, contact the dealer where this equipment was purchased, or the Tsurumi sales office in your area.

Problem	Possible cause	Countermeasure
Pump fails to start; or, starts but stops immediately.	 (1)No proper power is supplied (i.e. power outage). (2)Malfunction in automatic control (control panel) (3)Foreign matter is wedged in the impeller, causing the motor protector to trip. (4)Malfunction in start float. 	 (1)Contact the electric power company or an electrical repair shop. (2)Have the cause investigated and repaired by a specialist. (3)Inspect the pump and remove the debris. (4)Remove obstacles and check the operation of the stop float.
Pump starts but stops after a certain length of time.	 (1)The pump has been operating for a long time while being exposed to air, causing the motor protector to trip. (2)The movement of the stop float is obstructed, causing the start float alone to perform the start and stop operations. 	(1)After resuming operation, switch to operation of approximately once every 30 minutes.(2)Remove obstacles and check the operation of the stop float.
The power supply circuit breaker trips.	 (1)The equipment is not matched to the pump specifications or the equipment rating is improperly set. (2)Malfunction of motor (seizure or water leakage). (3)A 50Hz unit is used at 60Hz. 	(1)Replace the equipment with the correct specification or set it to the correct setting. (2)Repair or replace. (3)Check the nameplate and replace the pump.
Pump operates but does not pump water.	(1)An air lock occurred in the pump.(2)The pump or the piping is blocked.(3)The piping is partially blocked or the valve is operating improperly.(4)The motor rotates in reverse.	 (1)Stop momentarily and then restart; or, clean the air release valve. (2)Remove the blockage. (3)Remove the blockage, or repair or replace the valve. (4)Change the power supply connection.
The pumping volume is low.	(1)The impeller or the pump casing is significantly worn.(2)There is a great piping loss.(3)A 60Hz pump is used at 50Hz.(4)The motor rotates in reverse.	(1)Repair or replace the affected part.(2)Re-examine the work plan.(3)Check the nameplate and replace the pump.(4)Change the power supply connection.
Pump generates vibration or noise.	(1)The pipe support is loose.(2)Motor bearings are damaged.(3)Valve is tightly closed.	(1)Secure the pipe support.(2)Replace the bearings.(3)Adjust the valve to the proper opening.
The pump does not stop automatically.	(1)The movement of the start and stop floats is obstructed. The switch in a float is faulty. (2)The water level of the stop float is set lower than the pump's minimum possible operating water level.	(1)Remove the blockage. Or, replace the part.(2)Set the water level of the stopping float at the specified level or higher than the pump's minimum possible operating water level.For details on the stopping water level, refer to the dimension drawing that is provided separately.

The following information is required when ordering repairs or making other inquiries.

Product model	
Manufacturing number	
Purchase date	
Remarks	

Disposal of Product

Properly dispose of the product by disassembling it, presorting the contents, and sending them to the waste material treatment site.